

ASD-TR-86-5018



A COMPARISON OF AIR FORCE VERSUS FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION AIRFRAME STRUCTURAL QUALIFICATION CRITERIA: MIL-A-87221 (USAF) VS. FAR PARTS 23 AND 25

AD-A180 922

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Structures Division
Directorate of Flight Systems Engineering



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This report has been reviewed by the Office of Public Affairs (ASD/PA) and is releasable to the National Technical Information Service (NTIS). At NTIS, it will be available to the general public, including foreign nations.

This technical report has been reviewed and is approved for publication.

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FOREWORD

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Air Force acquisitions of "off-the-shelf" commercially developed aircraft for use in cargo, tanker, transport, and trainer roles have made it essential that the capability be developed within ASD acquisition organizations to evaluate commercially developed aircraft designs for adequacy in meeting Air Force requirements.

Development of this capability to evaluate commercial aircraft designs has been complicated by a lack of understanding of the differences in the design approaches embodied in Air Force and Federal Aviation Administration airframe qualification procedures. This report is intended to provide an insight into Federal Aviation Regulation Parts 23 and 25, the FAA regulations which govern airplane qualification and certification, including airframe structures. This report is intended primarily for use by ASD engineers familiar with Air Force regulations and specifications governing aircraft structural design, particularly MIL-A-87221(USAF).

ASD-TR-85-5106, dated March 1986, comparing FAR Parts 23 and 25 to the MIL-A-00886X series of military specifications was developed under ASD/XOR Project 82-128-HOU. This report has been developed under ASD/XOR Project 84-228-HOU.

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SECTION 1.0

FAA ORGANIZATION AND CERTIFICATION POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

1.1 THE FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

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The Federal Aviation Act of 1958 was signed into law by President Eisenhower on August 23, 1958. The Federal Aviation Agency (later renamed Administration) assumed its statutory responsibilities on December 31, 1958.

The responsibility given to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) under the 1958 Act for the type certification of aircraft, engines, propellers and appliances is accomplished by the Washington and regional offices of the FAA. This is stated in FAA order 8110.4.

FAA order 1100.2A defines the mission of the FAA as:

- a. The regulation of air commerce in such manner as to best promote its development and safety and fulfill the requirements of national defense.
- b. The control of the use of navigable airspace of the United States and the regulation of both civil and military operations in such airspace in the interest of safety and efficiency of both.
- c. The promotion, encouragement, and development of civil aeronautics.
- d. The consolidation of research and development with respect to air navigation facilities.
- e. The installation and operation of air navigation facilities.
- f. The development and operation of a common system of air traffic control and navigation for both civil and military aircraft.
- g. The development and implementation in coordination with other departmental elements and other Federal agencies, of a program to achieve a system solution to the aircraft noise and sonic boom problem.

The wartime rervice of the FAA outlined by order 1199.2A is stated as:

a. The wartime mission of the Federal Aviation Administration is to support the Department of Defense and appropriate military commanders through air traffic control, aeronautical communications, aids to navigation, and other essential services; to support essential civil aviation operations, including preservation and restoration of the capability of the civil air transport system; support of civil government, civil survival and recovery operations; and to provide for the protection of FAA personnel and the continuity of executive direction and for safety and survival of FAA personnel.

b. Executive Order 11161 contemplates that the Federal Aviation Administration will be transferred to the Department of Defense in event of war and will function as an adjunct of the Department of Defense. It is further contemplated that while functioning as a adjunct of DoD, FAA will remain organizationally intact and the Administrator will retain responsibility for administration of statutory functions.

The following several pages are extracted from FAA Order 1100.2A and detail the functions of the Office of Airworthiness in Washington D.C. After that section, a portion of FAA order 1100.2A has been included to discuss the functions of the various FAA Regions.

The Commerce Department and then the Civil Aeronautics Administration (CAA) used various rules prior to the forming of the FAA and the Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR). The current (1985) FAR 23 and FAR 25 were used for the following comparison of the subject MIL specification to civil requirements. FAR 23 is the certification criteria for aircraft weighing 12,500 pounds or less. FAR 25 is the certification criteria for aircraft weighing more than 12,500 pounds, referred to as transport category.

1.2 INFORMATION FROM FAA ORDER 1100.2A

1.2.1 CHAPTER 63. OFFICE OF AIRWORTHINESS

6300. MISSION To promote safety in air commerce by assuring the air-worthiness of civil aircraft, including aircraft design type certification; production certification; sirworthiness certification; approval of operators' aircraft maintenance programs; airmen certification; air agency certification; and continued airworthiness programs.

6302. FUNCTIONS

and provide the second of the

- a. The office of airworthiness is the principal staff element of FAA with respect to:
- (1) Design-type certification or approval of civil aeronautical products (aircraft, aircraft engines, propellers, materials, parts and appliances).
- (2) Production and original airworthiness certification of civil aeronautical products.
 - (3) Implementation of bilateral airworthiness

agreements between the U.S and foreign governments for the reciprocal acceptance of civil aeronautical products.

- (4) Continued airworthiness and maintenance standards for U.S. registered aircraft.
- (5) Examination and certification of airmen (holders of inspection authorizations, mechanics, repairmen, and parachute riggers) and air agencies (repair stations, parachute lofts, and aviation maintenance technician schools).
- (6) Approval of, and surveillance over the aircraft maintenance programs of operators and pilot schools.
- (7) Examination and appointment of private persons, including companies, designated and authorized to act as a representative of the Administrator, pursuant to the provisions of section 314 of the Federal Aviation Act, with respect to aircraft-design type certification, production certification, airworthiness certification, and maintenance of civil aeronautical products.
- (8) Identification and marking of civil aeronautical products for airworthiness control (excludes registration).
- b. With respect to the foregoing, the office of airworthiness:

- (1) Develops and recommends, or issues within the delegated authority of the director, regulations, and minimum standards.
- (2) Develops and recommends national policy for issuance by the Administrator.
- (3) Develops the issues guidance, procedures, practices and program plans consistent with national policies.
- (4) Develops and recommends specific program goals and areas of emphasis to guide field program planning and performance.
- (5) Evaluates the adequacy of existing regulations, policies, procedures, practices, and program performance in meeting broad FAA goals as well as specific program goals.
- (6) Recommends budget levels for formulation of decision packages on national programs, and recommends allocations of appropriated resources based on review of the regional responses to the call for estimates and quarterly review information.
- (7) Develops and recommends programs and practices to ensure the professional competency and development of employees.

(8) Determines the need for and recommends research and development projects, establishing the relative priority of those projects recommended.

6303. SPECIAL DELEGATIONS

- a. Final authority is delegated to the Director of Airworthiness, to make, issue, amend, and terminate regulations and minimum standards promulgated under Titles III and VI of the Federal Aviation Act relating to the following subject matters:
- (1) Appendices to Federal Aviation Regulations within the purview of the Office of Airworthiness.
- (2) Technical Standard Orders for aircraft materials, parts processes, and appliances.
 - (3) Withdrawn CHG 19.
- (4) Special Conditions as set forth in sections 21.16 and 21.101 of the Federal Aviation Regulations for products type certificated under section 21.23 and Part 31 of the Federal Aviation Regulations.
- b. With respect to the functional areas of paragraph 6302a, final authority is delegated to the Director of Airworthiness.
- (1) To grant or deny exemptions from regulations and minimum standards.
- (2) To issue, amend, extend, or withdraw notices of proposed rulemaking.
- (3) To grant or deny exemptions for foreign aircraft and airmen from regulations promulgated under the provisions of section 610(a) of the Federal Aviation Act, as provided for by section 610(b) of the Act.
- (4) To take final action on any request for reconsideration of original issuance, amendment, or refusal to issue or amend an airman certification, or air agency certification; including the resolution of controversial findings related to the certification in question.
- (5) To take final action on any petition for reconsideration of original approval, amendment, or a refusal to approve or amend an operator's maintenance programs to be included in an Operations Specification.
- (6) To grant or deny exceptions from the definition of "airmen" under section 101(7) of the Federal Aviation Act to individuals employed outside the U.S. who are directly in charge of inspection, maintenance, overhauling or repair of aircraft, aircraft engines, propellers, appliances, and components.

c. The authority of paragraphs 6303a and 6303b may not be redelegated.

6304. SPECIAL RELATIONS

- a. Regulations. The Office of Airworthiness is responsible for the substantive content of regulations and minimum standards within the office's purview, as distinguished from the responsibility of the Office of the Chief Counsel for legal adequacy of rules.
- b. Maintenance Airmen Certification. The Office of Airworthiness provides program plans, objectives, technical guidance, and criteria applicable to maintenance airmen certification activities conducted at the Aeronautical Center and conducts program performance evaluation of these activities.
- c. Environment and Energy. The Office of Airworthiness is responsible for matters concerning the application of aircraft noise, sonic boom, fuel venting, and exhaust emissions regulations in the type certification and airworthiness certification of ai craft, as distinguished from the responsibility of the affice of Environment and Energy for the substantive content of regulation within its purview. The Office of Environment and Energy also provides technical support to the Office of Airworthiness in the development of field guidance for the implementation of aircraft noise, sonic boom, fuel venting, engine emissions, energy conservation, and other aviation-related environment regulations policies.
- d. Airworthiness Directives. The Office of Airworthiness reviews the substance of and recommends final action by the Administrator on petitions for reconsideration of Airworthiness Directives made pursuant to section 11.93 of the Federal Aviation Regulations. The recommendation for final action will be coordinated with the director having responsibility for the aeronautical product affected and the Office of the Chief Counsel before the recommendation is forwarded to the Administrator.
- e. Aircraft Certification Directorates. The Office of Airworthiness will maintain cognizance of, and participate in, the technical aspects of regulatory and policy actions in progress within the directorates to promote consistency across directorate lines, and to provide staff support to the Administrator in reviewing and evaluating the overall effectiveness of national aircraft certification programs. National type certification policy guidance and procedures common to all directorates as contained in orders, handbooks, and other advisory material will be issued by the Director of Airworthiness when there is a compelling need for standarization and after coordination with the directorates and other affected delegations of rulemaking authority are made to the Director of Airworthiness and the directors of the Aircraft Certification Directorates.

6305. OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR The Office of the Director:

- a. Advises and assists the Associated Administrator for Aviation Standards by providing support in the justification of budget estimates, in the administration of executive decisions, and in the development and maintenance of productive relationships with the public, the aviation community, and other Government agencies.
- b. Provides for the development and coordination, and is accountable to the associate administrator for the adequacy of:
 - (1) FAA regulations and minimum standards;
 - (2) Policies guidance, procedures and practices.
- (3) Program plans and guidelines issued by or on behalf of the Administrator.
- c. Provides for effective evaluation of program performance and ensures the adequacy of follow-up to assure correction of deficiencies.
- d. Assures that all elements of the Office of Airworthiness participate constructively in the FAA Equal Employment Opportunity Action Plan and in equal employment opportunity planning for the future.
- 6306 6309 RESERVED (Not Applicable)

6310. AIRCRAFT ENGINEERING DIVISION

- a. This division is responsible for national type certification policy and procedures common to all directorates; and design type certification for those FAR Parts not assigned to the directorate.
 - b. With respect to the foregoing, the division:
- (1) Assesses the justification for, and evaluates the technical substance of Federal Aviation Regulations, Appendices to Federal Aviation Regulations, Technical Standards Orders, Special Conditions as set forth in Parts 21.16 and 21.101 of the Federal Aviation Regulations.
- (2) Recommends granting or denying exemption petitions.
- (3) Supports rulemaking actions by providing or arranging for technical specialist participation.
- (4) Develops, coordinates, and recommends national policies.
 - (5) Develops, coordinates, and issues national

directives to provide technical guidance on procedures and practices.

- (6) Serves as a point of contact for the public on issues appropriate to the national level.
- (7) Conducts evaluations and analyses of field program accomplishment.
- (8) Assesses the need for and recommends priorities on research and development activities.
- (9) Assigns special technical projects, recommends priorities, and provides broad policy and program guidance to ensure the adequacy of national type certification activities performed by the Aviation Standards National Field Office.
- (10) Represents the Office in international meetings to further U.S. interests and to develop International Standards and Recommended Practices for ICAO.
- (11) Represents the Office in matters concerning the development of international agreements, arrangements, policies, and practices design type certification of civil aircraft and related produc's.
 - c. Withdrawn CHG 19.
- d. Processes petitions for reconsideration of Airworthiness Directives made pursuant to section 11.93 of the Federal Aviation Regulations.
 - e. Withdrawn CHG 19.
- 1. Develops, coordinates, and recommends career development programs to assure organizational competency, for aerospace engineers (GS-861) and flight test pilots (GS-861/2181).
 - g. Withdrawn CHG 19.
- h. Provides the following program support functions to the office, and to all divisions therein:
 - (1) Withdrawn CHG 19.
 - (2) Withdrawn CHG 19.
- (3) Serves as the focal point on matters relating to aircraft noise, sonic boom, fuel venting, and exhaust emission standards.
- (4) Serves as a focal point on research and development projects relative to airworthiness, including aircraft engineering, manufacturing, and maintenance.

- (5) Withdrawn CHG 19.
- (6) Serves as a focal point on National Transportation Safety Board Recommendations relative to airworthiness, including aircraft engineering, manufacturing, and maintenance.
- i. Directs and manages the National Resource Specialist Program established by Order 8000.45, Aircraft Certification National Resource Specialist, to ensure the efficient, effective, and economical utilization of the specialist in conducting certification programs.

6311. AIRCRAFT MANUFACTURING DIVISION

- a. The division is responsible for the production certification of manufacturers (all forms of production approval), original airworthiness certification of civil aircraft; the airworthiness approval of new engines, propellers, materiels, parts and appliances; and the identification and marking of civil aeronautical products for airworthiness control (excluding registration); policy related to prototype article conformity inspection, experimental certification, and related reports in support of the Aircraft Engineering Division in the type certification of aircraft, engines, propellers; and enforcement of the regulations associated with all of the foregoing.
 - b. With respect to the foregoing, the division:
- (1) Develops, assesses the justification for, and evaluates the technical substance of, Federal Aviation Regulations, minimum standards, and Appendices to Federal Aviation Regulations.
- (2) Recommends granting or denying exemption petitions.
- (3) Supports rulemaking actions by providing or arranging for technical specialist participation.
- (4) Develops, coordinates, and recommends national policies.
- (5) Develops, coordinates, and issues national directives to provide technical guidance on procedures, practices, and program plans.
- (6) Serves as a point of contact for the public on issues appropriate to the national level.
- (7) Conducts evaluations and analyses of field program accomplishment.
 - (8) Assesses the need for and recommends priorities on

research and development activities.

- (9) Assigns special technical projects, recommends priorities, and provides broad policy and program guidance to ensure the adequacy of the national production certification activities performed by the Aviation Standards National Field Office.
- (10) Represents the Office in international meetings to further U.S. interests and to develop International Standards and Recommended Practices for ICAO.
- (11) Represents the Office in matters concerning the development of international agreements, arrangements, policies, and practices involving the airworthiness approval and acceptance of civil aircraft and related products.

6312 AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE DIVISION

- a. Is the principal element of the Office with respect to the maintenance aspects of the certification and surveillance of operators, airmen, and air agencies; and the maintenance performance standards and practices applied to assure the continued airworthiness of civil aircraft.
 - b. With respect to the foregoing:
- (1) Assesses the justification for, and evaluates the technical substance of Federal Aviation Regulations, and Appendices to Federal Aviation Regulations.
- (2) Recommends granting or denying exemption petitions.
- (3) Supports rulemaking actions by providing or arranging for technical specialist participation.
- (4) Develops, coordinates, and recommends national policies.
- (5) Develops, coordinates, and issues national directives to provide technical guidance on procedures and practices.
- (6) Serves as a point of contact for the public on issues appropriate to the national level.
- (7) Conducts evaluations and analyses of field program accomplishment.
- (8) Assesses the need for, and recommends priorities on, research and development activities.
- (9) Represents the Office in matters concerning the development of international agreements, arrangements, policies,

and practices involving airmen and air agencies.

- (10) Represents the Office in international meetings to further U.S. interests and to develop International Standards and Recommended Practices for ICAO.
- (11) Assigns special technical projects, recommends priorities, and provides broad policy and program guidance to ensure the adequacy of the maintenance project activities performed by the Aviation Standards National Field Office.
- c. Reviews the substance of and recommends final action on requests for reconsideration on original issuance, amendment, or refusal to issue or amend a maintenance airman or air agency certificate.
- d. Reviews the substance of and recommends final action on any petition for reconsideration or original issuance, amendment, or refusal to issue and amend an Operations Specification with respect to maintenance.
- e. Develops, coordinates, and recommends career development programs to assure organizational competency for aviation safety inspectors (airworthiness GS-1825).

1.2.2 SECTION 2. OFFICE OF THE REGIONAL DIRECTOR

- REGIONAL DIRECTOR The Regional Director is the principal representative of the Administrator in an FAA region. The Director serves as the operating head of all organizations and functions of the agency authorized in the region. The Director is responsible for achieving agency program objectives and goals within the assigned geographical area and for formulating and recommending programs, policies, and standards to satisfy current and anticipated future air transportation requirements within the region. The appraisal, communications control, and planning functions are assigned to the Office of the Regional Director and may be organizationally placed elsewhere at the discretion of the Director.
- 211. MISSION AND FUNCTIONS Each region executes the programs of the Federal Aviation Administration, including assigned international operations, as they apply within the region in order to provide for safe and expeditious movement of aircraft, insure air safety, and promote aviation in the United States and abroad.

212. A RCRAFT CERTIFICATION DIRECTORATES

The Regional Directors of the New England, Central, Southwest, and Northwest Mountain Regions also serve as heads of Aircraft Certification Directorates. The term Aircraft Certification Directorate means the organization formed and staffed for the purpose of managing the various elements of the aircraft certification program. Each of these Regional Directors

has final authority and responsibility for the certification program assigned.

- (1) The Small Airplane Certification Directorate has regulatory responsibility for FAR Part 23 (both national and international). The directorate is an element of the Central Region and consists of the previously designated engineering and manufacturing branches and district offices located within the Great Lakes, Southern, and Central Regions. Geographical areas of responsibility include the States, territories, and oceanic areas located within the boundaries of the Great Lakes, Southern and Central Regions.
- (2) The Transport Airplane Certification Directorate has regulatory responsibility for FAR Part 25 (both national and international). The Directorate is an element of the Northwest Mountain Region and consists of the previously designated engineering and manufacturing branches and district offices located in the Western Pacific, Alaskan, and Northwest Mountain Regions. Geographical areas of responsibility include the States, territories, and oceanic areas located within the boundaries of the Western-Pacific, Alaskan, and Northwest Mountain Regions.
- (3) The Rotorcraft Certification Directorate has regulatory responsibility for FAR Parts 27 and 29 (both national and international). The Directorate is an element of the Southwest Region and consists of the previously designated engineering and manufacturing branches and district offices located in the Southwest Region. Geographical areas of responsibility include the States, territories, and oceanic areas located within the boundaries of the Southwest Region.
- (4) The Engine and Propeller Certification Directorate has regulatory responsibility for FAR Part 33 and 35 (both national and international). The Directorate is an element of the New England Region and consists of the Aircraft Certification Staff in the Europe, Africa, and Middle East Office, previously designated engineering and manufacturing branches, and district offices located in the Eastern and New England Regions. Geographical areas of responsibility include the States, territories, and oceanic areas located within the boundaries of the Europe, Africa, and Middle East Office, the Eastern, and New England Regions.

SECTION 2.0

MILITARY SPECIFICATIONS: DEVELOPMENT AND DIFFERENCES FROM FARS

2.1 MILITARY SPECIFICATION DEVELOPMENT

Military specifications are developed along guidelines for format and content defined in MIL-STD-490, "Specification Practices." The specification development practices presented in MIL-STD-490 are primarily aimed at the development and procurement of military systems. Therefore, they do not always lend themselves to specifying detailed technical information on generalized systems (such as a general specification for aircraft structures.)

MIL-STD-490 format calls for definition of requirements in Section 3, and for definition of verification methods in Section Additional clarifying information may be provided in Notes in Section 6. MIL-A-87221 (USAF) has been developed to MIL-STD-490 quidelines, but does not fit neatly into MIL-STD-490 definitions of Type A, Type B, or Type C specifications. MIL-STD-490 quidelines for defining requirements, techniques, and accepted practices for accomplishing design goals are defined in detail in Section 3, and verification methods assure that the Section 3 requirements are verified by analysis, demonstrations, or tests defined in Section 4. However, MIL-A-87221 (USAF) deviates from standard MIL-STD-490 practices by providing numerous blanks to be filled in for specific aircraft procurements, and in providing voluminous background materials and lessons learned in appendices.

2.2 FEDERAL AVIATION REGULATIONS

The Federal Aviation Regulations tend to define design requirements in terms of meeting performance requirements, rather than in the detailed definition of design requirements. For example, paragraph 23.629 in FAR 23 defines flutter requirements. This "paragraph" takes up less than one full page. The general statement of the flutter requirements is that "It must be shown by one of the methods specified . . . that the airplane is free from flutter, control reversal, and divergence for any condition of operation . . . The rest of the flutter paragraph then defines the parameters that the aircraft must meet for a successful verification of the flutter requirement.

MIL-A-87221 (USAF) is much more closely parallel to the FARs than were the MIL-A-00886X series of specifications which it supersedes. MIL-A-87221 (USAF) provides general statements of requirements in general terms with blanks allowed for tailoring for specific aircraft procurements. The MIL-A-00886X series of specifications embodied much greater detail in specific technical requirements, limiting design flexibility.

It should be noted that, in general, the FARs do not differentiate quality assurance requirements from the technical requirement itself. There is no clear specification Section 3 - Section 4 one-to-one correspondence such as is called out in MIL-STD-490. Therefore, it can generally be assumed that the FAR reference shown in the Matrix on the following pages applies not only to the MIL-A-87221 Section 3 requirement, but also to it's corresponding MIL-A-87221 Section 4 quality assurance requirement as well.

SECTION 3.0

COMPARISON OF MIL-A-87221 REQUIREMENTS TO REQUIREMENTS OF FAA FAR 23 AND FAR 25

MIL Spec Para/Title	FAR 23	FAR 25
3.1 Detailed Structural Criteria	23.1 Applicability 23.301 Loads	25.1 Applicability 25.301 Loads
3.2 General Parameters	23.305 Strength and Deformation	25.305 Factor of Safety 25.305 Strength and Deformation
3.2.1 Airframe Configuration	23.301 Loads	25.301 Loads 25.345 High Lift Devices 25.459 Special Devices 25.457 Flaps, Wing
3.2.2 Cargo	23.305 Strength and Deformation	25.793 Floor Surfaces 25.789 Retention of Item of Mass, et cetera
3.2.3 Payloads	23.301 Loads 23.305 Strength and Deformation	25.301 Loads 25.305 Strength and Deformation 25.793 Floor Surfaces
3.2.4 Weight Distribution	23.23 Load Distribution	25.1519 Weight Center of Gravity and Weight Distribution
3.2.5 Weights	23.25 Weight Limits	25.25 Weight Limits 25.523 Design Weight and Center of Gravity Position
3.2.5.1 Maximum Zero Fuel Weight	None	None
3.2.5.2 Minimum Plight Weight	None	None

MIL Spec Para/Title	FAR 23	FAR 25
3.2.5.3 Normal Flight Weight	23.23 Load Distribution 23.25 Weight Limits	25.23 Load Distribution 25.25 Weight Limits 25.29 Empty Weight and Corresponding Center of Gravity
3.2.5.4 Maximum Flight Weight	None	None
3.2.5.5 Normal Landing Weight	23.473 Ground Loads and Assumptions	25.473 Ground loads and Assumptions 25.511 Ground Load: Unsymmetrical Loads on Multiple Wheel Units
3.2.5.6 Maximum Landing Weight	23.25 Weight Limits	25.25 Weight Limits
3.2.5.7 Maximum Ground Weight	23.473 Ground Load Conditions	25.473 Ground Load Conditions
3.2.5.8 Maximum Lift Off Weight	23.23 Load Distribution Limits 23.25 Weight Limits	25.23 Load Distribution Limits 25.25 Weight Limits 25.27 Center of Gravity Limits
3.2.5.9 Maximum Landing Gear Jacking Weight	23.507 Jacking Loads	None
3.2.5.10 Maximum Airframe Jacking Weight	23.507 Jacking Loads	None
3.2.5.11 Hoisting Weight	None	None
3.2.5.12 Other Weights	None	None

MIL Spec Para/Title	FAR 23	FAR 25
3.2.6 Center of Gravity Position	23.23 Load Distribution Limits 23.25 Weight Limits	25.23 Load Distribution Limits 25.25 Weight Limits 25.27 Center of Gravity Limits
3.2.7 Speeds	23.1505 Airspeed Limitations	25.1503 Airspeed Limitations, General
3.2.7.1 Level Flight Maximum Speed	23.335 Design Airspeed	25.335 Design Airspeed 25.1505 Maximum Operating Limit Speed
3.2.7.2 Dive Speed	23.335 Design Airspeed	25.335 Design Airspeed
3.2.7.3 Limit Speed	23.335 Design Airspeed	25.335 Design Airspeed 25.1505 Maximum Operating Limit Speed
3.2.7.4 Maneuver Speed	23.335 Design Airspeed 23.337 Limit Maneuvering Load Pactor	25.1507 Maneuvering Speed 25.337 Limit Maneuvering Load Factor
3.2.7.5 Takeoff, Approach and Landing Limit Speed	23.345 High Lift Devices	25.107 Takeoff Speeds 25.335 Design Airspeed 25.345 High Lift Devices
3.2.7.6 Lift Off Limit Speed	23.51 Takeoff Speed	25.1513 Minimum Control Speeds
3.2.7.7 Touch Down Limit Speed	23.49 Stalling Speed	25.1515 Landing Gear Speeds
3.2.7.8 Taxi Limit Speed	None	None
3.2.7.9 Gust Limit Speed	23.333 Flight Envelope	25.341 Gust Loads 25.333 Flight Envelope

MIL Spec Para/Title	FAR 23	FAR 25
3.2.7.10 Probable Failure Limit Speed	None	None
3.2.7.11 Other Speeds	None	None
3.2.8 Altitudes	23.1527 Maximum Operating Altitude	25.1527 Maximum Operating Altitude
3.2.8.1 Maximum Flight Altitude	23.1527 Maximum Operating Altitude	25.1527 Maximum Operating Altitude
3.2.8.2 Maneuver Altitude	None	None
3.2.8.3 Maximum Ground Altitude	None	None
3.2.9 Flight Load Factors	23.333 Flight Envelope 23.337 Limit Maneuvering Load Factors 23.441 Maneuvering Loads (Test) 23.423 Maneuvering Loads (Test)	25.301 Loads 25.333 Flight Envelope 25.337 Limit Maneuvering Load Factors
3.2.9.1 Normal Flight Weight Load Factors	23.333 Flight Envelope	25.333 Flight Envelope
3.2.9.2 Maximum Flight Weight Load Factors	23.333 Flight Envelope	25.333 Flight Envelope
3.2.9.3 Takeoff, Approach, and Landing Load Factors	Appendix C	25.333 Flight Envelope 25.337 Limit Maneuvering Load Factors
3.2.9.4 High Drag Load Factors		25.345 High Lift Devices 25.459 Speed Control Devices

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MIL Spec	Para/Title		FAR 23		FAR 25
	Air Vehicle Load Factors After Probable Failures	None		25.571	Damage Tolerance and Fatigue Evaluation of Structure
	Other Flight Load Factors	23.347	Unsymmetrical Flight Conditions		Rolling Conditions Yawing Conditions
	round oading arameters		General, Ground Loads Ground Load Conditions	25.473	Ground Load Conditions and Assumptions
3.2.10.1	Landing Sink Speeds	23.479	Nevel Landing Conditions	25.479	Level Landing Conditions
3.2.10.2	Landing Crosswinds		One Wheel Landing Conditions Side Load Conditions		One wheel Landing Conditions Side Load Conditions
3.2.10.3	Landing Roll, Yaw and Pitch Attitudes		Rolling Conditions Yawing Conditions	None	
3.2.10.4	Taxi, Discrete Bumps and Dips	None		None	
3.2.11 L	imit Loads	23.305	Strength and Deformation	25.301	Loads Strength and
		23.333	Flight Envelope		Deformation Flight
		23.337	Limit/ Maneuvering Load Factor	29.333	Envelope
3.2.12 U	ltimate oads	23.305	Strength and Deformation		Factor of Safety Strength and Deformation
3.2.12.1	Manned Air Vehicles	None		None	
3.2.12.2	Unmanned Air Vehicles	None		None	

MIL Sp	ec Para/Title		FAR 23		FAR 25
3.2.13	Deformation	23.305	Strength and Deformation	25.305	Strength and Deformation
3.2.14	Service Life and Usage	Append:	ix G	Append	іх н
3.2.14	.1 Service Represent- ative Airport or Base	None		None	
3.2.14	.2 Repeated	23.341	Gust load Factor	25.341	Gust loads
	Sources	23.337		25.337	Limit Maneuvering
			Load Factors	25.571	Load factors Damage Tolerance and Fatigue Evaluation of Structure
3.2.14	.3 Other Require- ments	Appendi	lx G	None	
3.2.15	Atmosphere		General, Performance	25.101	General Performance
3.2.16	Chemical, Thermal, and Climatic Environments	None		None	
3.2.17	Power or Thrust	23.901	Installation, Powerplant	25.901	Installation, Powerplant
3.2.18	Flight Control and	23.1329	Auto Pilot System	25.1329	Automatic Pilot System
	Augmentation Devices	23.391	Control Surface Loads	25.391	Control Surface Loads, General
				25.459	Special Devices
3.2.19	Material and Processes	23.603	Materials and Workmanship		Materials Materials Strength Properties and Design Values
3.2.20	Finishes	23.609	Protection of Structure	25.609	Protection of Structure

MIL Spec	Para/Title		FAR 23		FAR 25
al Fi	n-Structur- Coatings, lms and yers	23.609	Protection of Structure	25.609	Protection of Structure
3.2.22 Pr Fa	obable ilures	None		25.571	Damage Tolerance and Fatigue Evaluation of Structure
3.2.22.1	Tire Failures	Tires,	A TSO for (Technical d Order C62c)	See TSO)-C62c
3.2.22.2	Propulsion System	23.939	Powerplant Operating Character- istics	25.939	Turbopropeller - Drag Limiting Systems
3.2.22.3	Radome Failures	None		None	
3.2.22.4	Access Doors and Components	23.611	Accessibility Provisions	25.611	Accessibility Provisions
3.2.22.5	Structural or Mechanical Failures	None			Flutter Deformation and Fail Safe Criteria Damage Tolerance
	Hydraulic Failures	None		25.1435	5 Hydraulic System
3.2.22.7	Engine Support Failures	23.361	Flight Loads General Engine Torque Side Load on Engine Mount	25.301	Engine Torque Loads Side Load on Engine Mount
3.2.22.8	Flight Control System Failures	23.395	Control System Loads		Control Systems Dual Control Systems
3.2.22.9	Trans- parency Failures	23.775	Windshields and Windows	25.775	Windshields and Windows

MIL Spec Para/Title		FAR 23		FAR 25
3.2.22.10 Rapid Decom- pression		Pressurized Cabins Pressuriza- tion Test		Pressurized Cabins Test for Pressurized Cabins
3.2.22.11 Other Failures	None		None	
3.2.23 Lightning Strikes	23.867	Lightning Protection of Structure	25.581	Lightning Protection
3.2.24 Foreign Object Damage	None		None	
3.3 Design and Construction Parameters	23.601	Design and Construction General (through) .629 Flutter	25.601	General
3.3.1 Doors and Panels	23.783 23.807	Doors Emergency Exits	25.783 25.807	Door Passenger Emergency Exits
3.3.2 Doors and Ramps Mechan- isms of Pressurized Compartments		Pressurized Cabins Pressuri- zation Tests		Pressurized Cabins Tests for Pressurized Cabins
3.3.3 Ramps	None		None	
3.3.4 Cargo Floors	23.787	Cargo Compartments	25.793	Floor Surfaces
3.3.5 Transparencies (see 3.2.22.9)	23.775	Windshield and Windows	25.775	Windshields and Windows
3.3.6 Tail Bumper	None		None	
3.3.7 Tail Hook	None		None	
3.3.8 Vents and Louvers	None		None	
3.3.9 Cavities	None		None	
3.3.10 Armor	None		None	

MIL Spec Para/Titl	<u>e</u>	FAR 23		FAR 25
3.3.11 Refueling Provisions	None		None	
3.3.12 Cables		Control System Loads Cable Systems		Control System Loads Cable Systems
3.3.13 Airframe Bearings an Pulleys	d	Control System Loads Cable Systems		Control System Loads Cable Systems
3.3.14 Fasteners		Fabrication Methods Self Locking Nuts		Fabrication Methods Fasteners
3.3.15 Integral Fu Tanks and Lines	el 23.963	Fuel Tanks, General	25.963	Fuel Tanks, General
3.3.16 Nuclear Weapons Retention	None		None	
3.3.17 Other Desig and Constructio Parameters		Factors, etc.	25.621 25.623	Special Factors Casting Factors Bearing Factors Fitting Factors
3.4 Structural Loading Conditions	23.321 23.305	Loads General Flight Loads, General Strength and Deformation		
3.4.1 Flight Loadi Conditions	ng 23.301	Flight Loads, General		General Flight Envelopes
3.4.1.1 Symmetric Maneuvers	23.331	Symmetrical Flight Conditions	25.333 25.337	Flight Envelope Limit Maneuvering Load Factors
3.4.1.2 Asymmetric Maneuvers		Unsymmetrical Flight Conditions Unsymmetrical Loads Due to Engine Failures	25.351	Conditions

MIL Spec	Para/Title		FAR 23		FAR 25
	Directional	23.349	Rolling Conditions	25.349	Rolling Conditions
	Maneuvers	23.351	Yawing	25.351	Yawing
		23.371	Conditions Gyroscopic Loads	25.371	Conditions Gyroscopic Loads
3.4.1.4	Evasive Maneuvers	None		None	
3.4.1.5	Other Maneuvers,	23.333	Flight Envelope	25.333	Flight Envelope
	(Stalls,		ruvelobe	25.203	
	Spins, etc.)			25.201	Stall
				25.205	Demonstration Stalls, Critical Engine Inoperative
3.4.1.6	Turbulence	23.341	Gust Load		Gust Loads
			Factors Gust Loads Gust Loads	25.415	Ground Gust Conditions
3.4.1.7	Aerial Refueling (see 3.3.11)	None		None	
3.4.1.8	Aerial Delivery	None		None	
	Speed and Lift Control	23.345	High Lift Devices	25.345	High Lift Devices
	Bire concror	23.373	Speed Control Devices	25.373	•
3.4.1.10	Braking Wheels in Air	None		None	
3.4.1.11	Extension and Retraction of Landing Gear	23.729	Landing Gear Extension and Retraction System	25.729	Retracting Mechanism

MIL Spec Para/Title	FAR 23	FAR 25
3.4.1.12 Pressuri- zation	23.571 Pressurized Cabin 23.572 Wing and Associated Structure 23.841 Pressurized Cabin 23.843 Pressuri- zation Test	25.365 Pressurized Cabin Loads 25.841 Pressurized Cabin 25.843 Tests for Pressurized Cabins
3.4.1.13 Other Flight Conditions	(Subpart C)	Appendix C
3.4.2 Ground Loading Conditions	23.471 Ground Loads, General 23.473 Ground Load Conditions	25.471 General 25.473 Ground Load Conditions and Assumptions
3.4.2.1 Taxi	23.471 Ground Loads, General	25.471 General
3.4.2.2 Tires	23.485 Side Load Conditions	25.495 Turning 25.497 Tail Wheel Yawing 25.499 Nose Wheel Yaw
3.4.2.3 Pivots	None	25.503 Pivoting
3.4.2.4 Braking	23.493 Braked Roll Conditions	25.493 Braked Roll Conditions
3.4.2.5 Takeoffs	23.51 Takeoffs	25.105 Takeoff 25.107 Takeoff Speeds
3.4.2.6 Landings	23.75 Landing	25.125 Landing
3.4.2.7 Ski Equipped Air Vehicles	23.505 Supplementary Conditions for Ski- Planes	25.737 Skis
3.4.2.8 Maintenance	23.603 Materials and Workmanship	25.611 Accessibility Provisions Appendix H
3.4.2.9 Ground Winds	None	25.415 Ground Gust Conditions

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3.4.2.10	Crashes	23.561	Emergency Landing Conditions	25.561	Emergency Landing Conditions, General
				25.563	Structural Ditching Provisions
3.4.2.11	Other Ground Loading Conditions	None		None	
3.5 Aeroa Dural	acoustic oility	23.627	Fatigue Strength	25.571	Damage Tolerance and Fatigue Evaluation of Structure
3.5.1 St	ructure	23.627	Fatigue Strength		Loads Factor of Safety Strength and Deformation
3.5.2 Sys	stems	23.130	l Function and Installation (Equipment General)	25.130	l Function and Installation
3.5.3 Int	cernal noise	23.771	Pilot Compartment	25.571	Damage Tolerance and Fatigue Evaluation of Structure
3.6 Vibra	ation	See bel	Low	See be	Low
3.6.1 Str Vib	ructure, oration	23.251	Vibration and Buffeting	25.251	Vibration and Buffeting
"				25.253	High-Speed Characteristic- tics
				25.343	Design Fuel and Oil Loads
				25.875	Reinforcement Near Propellers

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3.6.2 Propulsion, Vibration	23.251 Vibration a	and 25.251 Vibration and Buffeting
VIDIACION	23.907 Propeller Vibration	25.907 Propeller Vibration
	23.909 Turbo Super Chargers	
	23.1123(b) Exhaust Manifol	: Operating
	23.1189(c) Power- Plant	tic 25.945(b)(1) Thrust
	Fire Protect	or Power
	ion 23.1193(a) Cowling	tion
	and Nacelle	Piping 25.1125(a) Exhaust
	23.1203(b) Fire Detector	Heat or Exchange
	System	25.1141(d) Powerplant Controls
		(General) 25.1193(a) Cowling
		and Nacelle Skin
3.6.3 Systems (Vibration)	23.251 Vibration a	and 25.251 Vibration and Buffeting
(VIDIACION)	23.965(b) Fuel Tar	
	23.993(a) Fuel System	25.963(a) Fuel Tanks (General)
	Lines ar Fittings	nd 25.993(a) Fuel System
	23.1023 Oil	Fittings 25.1015(a) Oil Tank
	Radiators 23.1061(e) Instal-	Tests
	ation	Radiators 25.1107 Inter-Coolers
	23.1367(b) Switche 23.1461(b) Equipme	
	Contair ing Hig	n- 25.1327(b) Magnetic
	Energy Rotors	Indicator 25.1435 Hydraulic
		System 25.1461(b) Equipment
		Containing High-Energy
		Rotors

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3.6.4 Ride quality	23.251	Vibration and	25.251	
(Vibration)		Buffeting		Buffeting
	23.1323	L(c) Instru-	25.253	High-Speed
		ments		Character- istics
		Install- ation	25 771	(e) Pilot
		acton	23+111	Compartment
			25,1321	L(d) Instruments
			23.132.	Installation
3.7 Aeroelastic	23.629	Flutter	25.629	Flutter,
Stability				Deformation,
3.7.1 Aeroelasticity				and Fail-Safe
3.7.2 Aeroservoelas-				Criteria
ticity		L SURFACES		
3.7.3 Damping	23.651	Proof-of-	25.651	Proof-of-
3.7.4 Failsafe		Strength	0	Strength
Stability		Installation		Installation
3.7.5 Margins		Hinges Mass Balance	25.65/	Hinges
3.7.6 Environmental Effects	23.009	mass barance		
Errects				
	CONTRO	L SYSTEMS		
		General	25.671	General
		Primary		Stability
		Flight		Augmentation
		Control		and Automatic
	23.675			and Power
		Trim Systems		Operated Systems
	23.679	Control	25.673	Two-Control
		System		Airplane
	00 403	Locks	25.675	
	23.681	Limit Load		Trim Systems
	22 602	Static Tests	25.0/9	Control System Gust Locks
	23.003	Operation Tests	25 601	Limit Load
	23.685	Control	23,001	Static Tests
	23.003	System	25,683	Operation Tests
		Details		Control System
	23.685	Control		Details
		System	25.685	Control System
		Details		Details
	23.687	Spring		Cable Systems
		Devices		Joints
			25.697	Lift and Drag
		Joints		Devices,
	23.097	Wing Flap) E 600	Controls
	22 600	Controls Wing Flap	43.077	Lift and Drag Device Indicator
	43.033	Position	25.701	
		Indicator	#3+18T	Interconnection
	23.701	Flap Inter-	25.703	Takeoff Warning
		Connection		System
				- ' ' '

MIL Spec Para/Title		FAR 23		FAR 25
3.8 Required Structure Survivability - Nuclear	None		None	
3.9 Required Structure Survivability - Nonnuclear	None		25.571	Damage Tolerance and Fatigue Evaluation of Structure
3.10 Strength 3.10.1 Metallic Materials	23.301 23.303	Loads Factor of Safety		Factor of Safety Strength and Deformation
3.10.1.1 Material Properties	23.305	Strength and Deformation	25.307	Proof-of- Structure
3.10.1.2 Castings 3.10.1.3 Forgings		Proof of Structure	25.601	Design and Construction,
3.10.1.4 Grain Direction	23.603	Materials and Workmanship	25.603	General Materials
3.10.1.5 Environ- mental	23.605	Fabrication Methods	25.605	Fabrication Methods
Effects 3.10.1.6 Fitting		Protection of Structure	25.613	Material Strength Pro-
Factor 3.10.1.7 Bearing	23.613	Material Strength	25 615	perties and Design Values
Factor 3.10.2 Non-Metallic Materials		Properties and Design Values		Design Properties
3.10.3 Internal Loads	23.615	Design Properties	25.623	Casting Factors Bearing Factors Fitting Factors
3.10.4 Stresses 3.10.5 Static		Special Factors		Joints
Strength 3.10.6 Interim		Casting Factors		
Strength Flight		Bearing Factors		
Release 3.10.7 Final		Fitting Factors		
Strength Flight Release	23.627	Fatigue Strength		
3.10.8 Structural Modifications				

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MIL Spec Para/Title		FAR 23		FAR 25
3.11 Durability 3.11.1 Fatigue Cracking/ Damage	23.571	Fatigue Evaluation Pressurized Cabin	25.571	Fatigue Evaluation Damage Tolerance
3.11.2 Corrosion Prevention 3.11.3 Thermal	23.572	Fatigue Evaluation Wing and		and Fatigue Evaluation of Structure
Protection Assurance 3.11.4 Wear	23.603	Associated Structure Material and		Protection of Structure Accessibility
3.11.5 Limited Life Structure		Workmanship Protection of Structure Accessibility	25.1043	Provisions Cooling General Cooling Tests
		Material Strength Properties and Design Values	23.184	Procedures
3.12 Damage Tolerance 3.12.1 Flaw Sizes 3.12.2 Residual	23.571	Fatigue Evaluation Pressurized Cabin	25.571	Fatigue Evaluation Damage Tolerance and
Strength and Damage Growth Limits	23.572	Fatigue Evaluation Wing and		Fatigue Evaluation of Structure
3.12.2.1 Slow Crack Growth Structure		Associated Structure	25.615	
3.12.2.2 Fail Safe Multiple Load Path				Flutter, Deformation and Fail Safe
Structure 3.12.2.3 Fail Safe Crack Arrest			25.841	Criteria Pressurization: Pressurized Cabins
Structure			25.843	Tests for Pressurized Cabins
3.13 Force Management 3.13.1 Data	None		25.1457	Cockpit Voice Recorders
Acquisition Systems			25.1459	Flight Recorders

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